Federated Hermes Climate Change High Yield Credit strategy

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Contents

1. The strategy at a glance	4
2. Investment review	6
3. The evolution of our Climate Change Impact (CCI) score	10
4. Case studies: Homebuilders and the chemicals sector	12



SECTION 1

The strategy at a glance

Seeking to deliver a positive climate impact

The world faces a series of significant structural challenges in the realms of climate, technology, demographics and geopolitics, each of which is likely to dramatically change the way we live in the coming decades. This means there is an imperative for society to successfully manage these transitions and to deliver more resilient and sustainable outcomes. In this, we believe investors have crucial role to play.

Launched in September 2021, the Federated Hermes Climate Change High Yield strategy aims to outperform the global high yield market by investing with conviction in the debt of companies that have strong fundamentals and demonstrate the potential to decarbonise and transition to a low-carbon world.

The global high yield market offers good opportunities to do this. It includes a broad universe of companies that have the willingness to change their operations, products or services and the potential to generate a positive environmental impact for the planet.

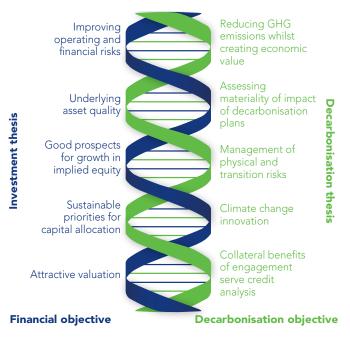
The world faces a series of significant structural challenges in the realms of climate, technology, demographics and geopolitics, each of which is likely to dramatically change the way we live in the coming decades.

To harness this opportunity set, we use our proprietary framework – the Climate Change Impact (CCI) score – to reflect the progress and impact companies have made and will likely make in the future towards decarbonisation. Companies are assigned a score of 1 to 5, with 1s being decarbonisation 'Leaders' and 5s deemed 'Harmful' on climate grounds.

We will not hold companies that have been scored CCI 4 or 5, where the company's actions have been assessed as harmful to the climate or offer no material decarbonisation. We also exclude controversial sectors and issuers that are heavy emitters of greenhouse gases (GHG) with no desire to change.



Figure 1. Interwoven and self-reinforcing decarbonisation and investment theses



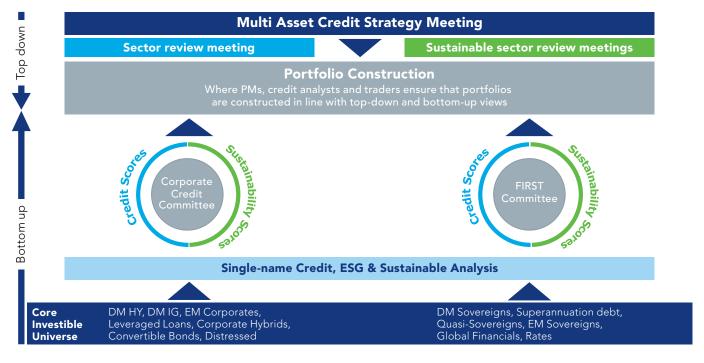
Benefitting people and the planet: We seek to deliver into two self-reinforcing objectives – strong financial performance for investors and positive climate impacts, through decarbonisation, that contribute to the low-carbon transition.

- Investment expertise: Over many years the team has delivered attractive high yield returns through relative value investing through the capital structure of companies globally.
- **Engagement strength:** Our dedicated engagers benefit from the support of EOS at Federated Hermes, a leading global stewardship team seeking positive climate action.
- **Measuring climate impact:** Our proprietary internal scoring framework (recently refined and outlined in more detail in a later section of this piece) allows us to measure a company's contribution to decarbonisation and its progress in relation to the low carbon transition.

Climate Change High Yield Credit: Strategy information

- SFDR classification: Article 9.
- Objectives: (i) provide a total return (through a combination of income and capital growth) over a rolling period of any five years and (ii) contribute towards the objectives of the Paris Agreement by investing in companies which are transitioning to net zero carbon emissions.
- Benchmark: ICE Global High Yield Paris Aligned Absolute Emissions Index.
- Instruments: Primarily high yield corporate bonds and derivatives.
- Exclusions: Fossil fuels, tobacco, controversial weapons and companies in contravention of the UN Global Compact.
- Number of issuers: Approximately 150-200.
- Base currency: US dollars, hedged.
- Liquidity: Daily.

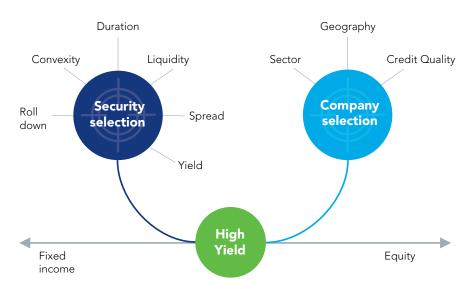
Figure 2. A selection approach guided by macroeconomic analysis



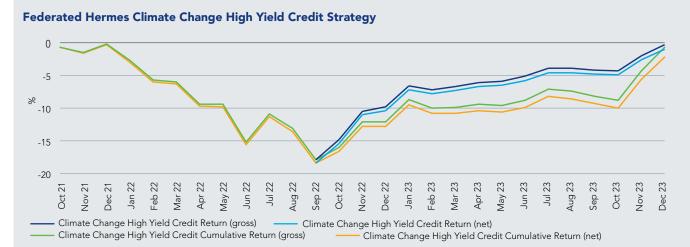
Our investment approach

We aim to outperform through the cycle by identifying issuers that have an attractive credit risk and decarbonisation profile and determining which securities in their capital structures provide superior relative value. We make use of an issuer's full capital structure to manage risk and performance – we are mindful that there is risk to be managed and alpha to be made in areas like duration and convexity. As such, we tend to prefer larger capital structures, more global issuers and national champions, particularly in emerging markets.

Figure 3. Exploiting differences in relative value throughout issuers' capital structures



Performance



Source: Performance is in USD gross of fees. The current benchmark is the ICE Global High Yield Paris-Aligned Absolute Emissions USD Hedged. Inception date is of 1 October 2021. On 1 November 2023, the strategy's benchmark changed from a broad global high yield benchmark (ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained USD Hedged) to a Paris-Aligned benchmark (ICE Global High Yield Paris-Aligned Absolute Emissions USD Hedged). Data is supplemental to the GIPS® compliant report (see appendix).

The value of investments and income from them may go down as well as up, and you may not get the original amount invested. Any investments overseas may be affected by currency exchange rates. Past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance.

New benchmark and new assessment metric

On 1 November 2023, the strategy's benchmark changed from a broad global high yield benchmark (ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained USD Hedged) to a Paris-Aligned benchmark (ICE Global High Yield Paris-Aligned Absolute Emissions USD Hedged). The Paris-Aligned benchmark takes into account ESG factors, applying specific targets and exclusionary filters to establish alignment with the Paris Agreement.

As at inception of the benchmark (31 December 2020), the provider set the initial carbon target at 50% of the parent index; thereafter, the benchmark seeks a 7% annualised reduction on a trajectory towards net zero by 2050. The primary reason for the change was to ensure the benchmark and the strategy are more aligned in terms of investment style and process for sectoral positioning and issuer selection.

The strategy's sustainable investment objective also changed on 1 November 2023, with it now seeking to 'contribute towards the objectives of the Paris Agreement by investing in companies which are transitioning to net zero carbon emissions'. The strategy will seek to achieve its sustainable investment objective through targeting to deliver a weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) lower than its new benchmark.

Start Date	End Date	Product Gross Ann Rtn	Product Net Ann Rtn	Product Gross Cum Rtn	Product Net Cum Rtn
30-09-2021	31-12-2023	-0.3	-1.0	-0.7	-2.2
30-09-2021	30-11-2023	-2.0	-2.6	-4.3	-5.6
30-09-2021	30-11-2023	-2.0	-2.6	-4.3	-5.6
30-09-2021	31-10-2023	-4.3	-4.9	-8.8	-10.0
30-09-2021	30-09-2023	-4.2	-4.8	-8.2	-9.3
30-09-2021	31-08-2023	-3.9	-4.6	-7.4	-8.6
30-09-2021	31-07-2023	-3.9	-4.6	-7.1	-8.2
30-09-2021	30-06-2023	-5.1	-5.8	-8.8	-9.9
30-09-2021	31-05-2023	-5.9	-6.5	-9.6	-10.6
30-09-2021	30-04-2023	-6.1	-6.7	-9.4	-10.4
30-09-2021	31-03-2023	-6.7	-7.3	-9.9	-10.8
30-09-2021	28-02-2023	-7.2	-7.8	-10.0	-10.8
30-09-2021	31-01-2023	-6.6	-7.2	-8.7	-9.5
30-09-2021	31-12-2022	-9.8	-10.4	-12.1	-12.8
30-09-2021	30-11-2022	-10.5	-11.0	-12.1	-12.8
30-09-2021	31-10-2022	-14.8	-15.4	-16.0	-16.6
30-09-2021	30-09-2022	-17.9	-18.4	-17.9	-18.4
30-09-2021	31-08-2022			-13.1	-13.6
30-09-2021	31-07-2022			-10.9	-11.3
30-09-2021	30-06-2022			-15.2	-15.6
30-09-2021	31-05-2022			-9.4	-9.8
30-09-2021	30-04-2022			-9.4	-9.7
30-09-2021	31-03-2022			-6.0	-6.3
30-09-2021	28-02-2022			-5.7	-6.0
30-09-2021	31-01-2022			-2.7	-3.0
30-09-2021	31-12-2021			-0.2	-0.3
30-09-2021	30-11-2021			-1.5	-1.6
30-09-2021	31-10-2021			-0.7	-0.7

Source: Federated Hermes as at 31 December 2023. Benchmark: ICE Global High Yield Paris-Aligned Absolute Emissions USD Hedged. Inception date is of 1 October 2021. Data is supplemental to the GIPS® compliant report that follows. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

SECTION 2

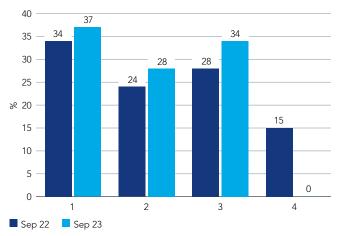
Investment review

The strategy generated a total return of 12.89% (in US\$ terms, gross of fees), behind its benchmark by 10bps in 2023. Last year, the strategy's overweight positioning in Banking, Telecommunications and Insurance were its top sector contributors to its overall performance. In contrast, its underweight positioning in Leisure and Financial Services were its biggest detractors.¹

From a rating's perspective, the strategy's overweight positioning to securities rated BB and above positively impacted its performance the most, while its underweight positioning in B and CCC and lower-rated securities detracted the most.

At the regional level, the strategy's overweight positioning to Western Europe and the UK were its top contributors to its relative performance, while its underweight positioning to the Americas and Asia DM detracted the most.

Figure 4: CCI Climate Change Impact (CCI) score dispersion within the portfolio



Source: Federated Hermes, Sustainability Hub, 30 September 2023. See page 10 for an in-depth explanation of each of these scores. Broadly speaking, the lower the score, the greater the progress and impact companies have made and will likely make in the future towards decarbonisation.



Climate Change Impact scores: sector breakdown.

e 1				
Sector	1	2	3	Total
Automotive	2.2%	2.7%	3.3%	8.2%
Banking	5.1%	3.2%	5.1%	13.4%
Basic Industry	2.4%	2.0%	3.4%	7.8%
Capital Goods	3.8%	6.4%	4.0%	14.1%
Consumer Goods	0.0%	0.6%	1.1%	1.7%
Financial Services	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	1.7%
Healthcare	0.0%	2.5%	2.0%	4.5%
Insurance	2.1%	2.2%	1.7%	6.0%
Media	0.9%	0.0%	2.6%	3.5%
Real Estate	1.3%	0.0%	0.0%	1. 3 %
Retail	3.2%	2.0%	1.8%	7.0%
Services	0.0%	1.2%	1.3%	2.5%
Technology and Electronics	3.5%	1.0%	2.6%	7.2%
Telecommunications	9.4%	2.3%	3.7%	15.5%
Utility	3.4%	2.3%	0.0%	5.7%
Total	37.3%	28.4%	34.3%	100.0%

Source: Federated Hermes, Sustainability Hub, 30 September 2023.





Carbon metrics

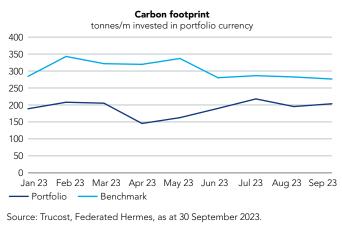
Measuring the carbon footprint of investee companies is an important component of our environmental due diligence – and we monitor the portfolio's carbon intensity and carbon footprint using a variety of tools, company data and thirdparty research, when available. The data provided below is sourced using Trucost, as of 30 September 2023.

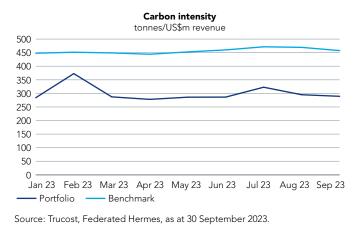
Engagement data

	Sep-22	Sep-23	% change
Environment engaged % AUM	66	69	5
Climate change engagement	61	69	13
Climate change emissions % engaged	89	89	0

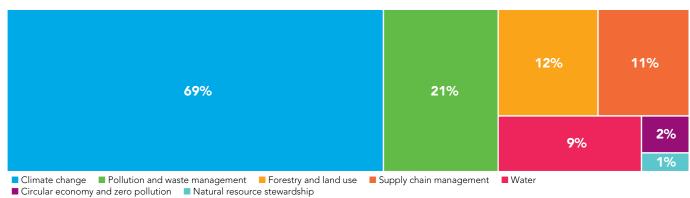
Source: Federated Hermes, Environmental Tool, 30 September 2023.







Seeking climate action: Environmental engagement by themes



Source: Federated Hermes, Environmental Tool, 30 September 2023.

² Data is versus the strategy's previous benchmark. On 1 November 2023, the strategy's benchmark changed from a broad global high yield benchmark (ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained USD Hedged) to a Paris-Aligned benchmark (ICE Global High Yield Paris-Aligned Absolute Emissions USD Hedged). Carbon footprint and intensity data for future reports will be versus this new benchmark.

SECTION 3

The evolution of our CCI Score

Our proprietary framework – the Climate Change Impact (CCI) score – aims to reflect the progress and impact companies have made and will likely make in the future towards decarbonisation. Here's how we have augmented it this year.

The Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) brings stricter ESG disclosure obligations for asset managers, with the intention of raising the transparency and sophistication of sustainability strategies in sustainable investment funds.

To remain at the forefront of this developing landscape, we continuously advance our own approach to incorporating financially material sustainability factors across our fund range, with the Climate Change Impact (CCI) score being no exception. We augmented the CCI score this year with the purpose of improving our articulation of the key factors driving each score and introducing a greater emphasis on sector-specific data.

Our updated framework retains the substance of our original approach but introduces more precise terminology. The overall score remains at the union of two dimensions, 'Ambition' (which incorporates company targets and initiatives related to decarbonisation) and 'Execution' (which replaces what we previously termed 'Expected Impact'). 'Execution' more accurately describes the qualitative and quantitative analysis that we use to determine the likelihood a company will 'execute' its decarbonisation strategy.

Within the Execution dimension, the 'Emissions Performance' category has been re-termed 'Decarbonisation Performance' to reflect the inclusion of sector-specific quantitative metrics that indirectly relate to GHG emissions, in addition to the GHG emissions already being monitored.

As well as highlighting what sector-specific sub-categories are being assessed within the CCI score, the table provides a useful visualisation of which categories are driving the score, with a sub-score provided in line with our overall 1-5 CCI score methodology. It is important to note that, while this displays which categories are driving the overall score, quantitative weights are not applied to each category. This is because each sector is at a different stage in its development of climate change disclosures, targets and strategies: applying consistent weights across sectors would result in the score favouring certain sectors over others. This would also have the unwanted effect of reducing the diversity of a portfolio and the ability to identify leaders within each sector.

Our updated framework retains the substance of our original approach but introduces more precise terminology.

Differentiation between high- and low-materiality sectors has also been introduced to our 1-5 scoring framework. Highmateriality sectors are the handful of sectors contributing the significant majority of global GHG emissions; the remaining sectors are classified as low-materiality sectors. The absence of an approach to decarbonisation from any company hinders progress against the goals of the Paris Agreement, but lack of action is considered particularly harmful from companies in high-materiality sectors when accounting for the size of their respective annual GHG emissions. It is for this reason we assign such companies with the newly termed 'Harmful' CCI 5 score, while companies lacking decarbonisation strategies in low-materiality sectors receive the 'No Material Decarbonisation' CCI 4. It is worth noting that the CCI 5 score will continue to include companies with serious climaterelated controversies and inadequate mitigating circumstances, regardless of their sector.

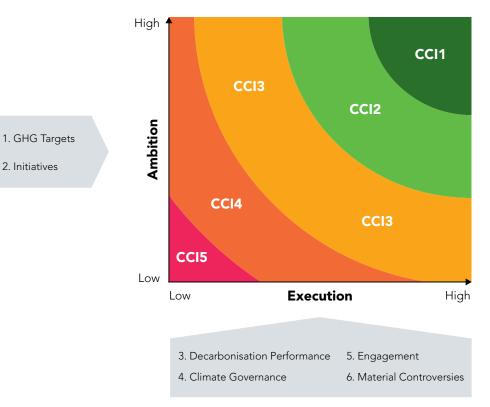


With both dimensions, Ambition and Execution, assessed using the new six-category framework, a table has been introduced to breakdown each CCI score's rationale, with category scores highlighting the categories driving the score. With each category assessed, Figure 6 provides a visualisation of how a score of 1-5 is reached.

Our augmented CCI score

Dimension	Category	Category score	
Ambition	1. GHG Targets	Leader	
	2. Initiatives	Advanced	
Execution	3. Decarbonisation Performance	Aspirational	
	4. Climate Governance No Material Decarbor		
	5. Engagement Positive		
	6. Material Controversies	Neutral	

Figure 6: The transition through to CCI1



Source: Federated Hermes. For illustrative purposes only.



SECTION 4

Case studies: Homebuilders and the chemicals sector

Previous sectors covered in this report: Industrials, banks, consumer goods, pulp & paper, utilities.

Homebuilders

A significant contribution to global emissions originates from our very own back yards or, more specifically, our homes. In 2022, global CO_2 emissions from buildings, including embodied emissions³ from new construction, accounted for 39.65% of global energyrelated emissions with direct and indirect CO_2 emissions from residential buildings contributing over 16% alone.^{4,5}

Responsibility for reducing GHG emissions from buildings falls on multiple parties: governments can introduce stricter building regulations; real estate companies can make energy efficiency improvements to their portfolios and residents can make energy-conscious decisions. An important party is the housebuilding sector, which can influence both embodied emissions and emissions during the operation of the buildings. Our CCI scoring framework considers both types of emissions, assessing whether Homebuilders have initiatives in place to address upstream emissions from their suppliers and improve energy efficiency through the design, construction and operational phases of the home's lifecycle. As the most significant area of this sector's carbon footprint, emissions from the operating of buildings must be prioritised.

Indicators used in the CCI score help measure operational emissions performance in this area, including the percentage of homes delivered to green building certifications and average energy efficiency ratings such as the Home Energy Rating System (HERS) index score in the US. Created by the Residential Energy Services Network® (RESNET), the HERS Index is a system in the U.S for calculating a home's energy performance. A lower score means better energy performance.

As the most significant area of this sector's carbon footprint, emissions from the operating of buildings must be prioritised.



- ³ Embodied emissions, also referred to as embedded emissions, are emissions generated between the extraction of raw materials to the final delivery of products which, in this instance, is the building.
- ⁴ <u>Buildings Energy System IEA</u>, July 2023.
- ⁵ Source: <u>IEA</u>, June 2023.



KB Home – Climate Change Impact (CCI) score: 1

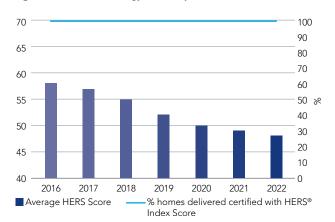


KB Home's ambition to address emissions from the operation of its homes is defined by a 2025 target to reduce the average HERS index score across the homes it delivers to 45 by 2025. KB Home's 2022 average score of 48 outperforms the average score of 58 for all HERSrated homes in the US and is the #1 score among large homebuilders in the US⁶. This target may have a short horizon, but with the practice of target setting in short supply across the housebuilding sector, this positive outlook places KB Home ahead of its peers when it comes to signalling energy performance improvements.

The company supports its target through a longstanding commitment to building ENERGY STAR certified homes which benefit from upgraded insulation, high-performance HVAC equipment and modern building materials. KB Home also addresses carbon emissions upstream by increasing the use of recycled materials for plastics and structural beams and has a commitment to responsibly source wood products from partners who practice sustainable forest management.

In addition to having leading ambitions, KB Home demonstrates a historic track record of improving its HERS score (see Figure 7), increasing the percentage of homes that are fully electric, and reducing operational and scope 3 emissions⁷ per homes delivered.

Our engagement activity with KB Home began in 2020 when we flagged our expectations for scope 3 data and emissions reduction targets. We have since had consistent discussions across sustainability topics, during which a target addressing the company's most material area of carbon footprint, downstream scope 3 emissions, was introduced. The company is receptive to our feedback on climate-related issues facing the sector, which we will continue to provide to help the company maintain its leadership position. Figure 7: KB Home Energy Efficiency Performance



In a sector that is relatively underdeveloped in its approach to decarbonisation, KB Home stands out by having a strategy that addresses each area of its carbon footprint and evidence of energy efficiency and decarbonisation demonstrates execution of this strategy. It is, therefore, considered a leader within the CCI framework and receives a score of CCI 1.

CCI Score Summary

Category	Sub-category	Sub-score	
Ambition			
1. Targets	Scope 1, 2 and 3 targets	Leader	
2. Initiatives	Scope 3 sustainable sourcing	Leader	
Z. Initiatives	Scope 3 downstream energy use		
Execution			
3. Decarbonisation	GHG-emissions	Leader	
performance	Clean energy and efficiency progress		
4. Climate governance	ESG committee	Advanced	
5. Engagement		Positive	
6. Material controversies		No controversies	

⁶ Taken from a list of top-20 US homebuilders ranked by number of closings on Builder Magazine's most recent annual Builder 100 list.

⁷ Scope emissions: Scope 1, Scope 2, and Scope 3 is a classification system for greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions a firm creates through its operations, energy usage, and the wider value chain. Scope 1 emissions – All direct emissions from the activities of an organisation or under their control. Including fuel combustion on site such as gas boilers, fleet vehicles and air-conditioning leaks. Scope 2 emissions – Indirect emissions from electricity purchased and used by the organisation. Emissions are created during the production of the energy and eventually used by the organisation. Scope 3 emissions – All other indirect emissions from activities of the organisation, occurring from sources that they do not own or control. These are usually the greatest share of the carbon footprint, covering emissions associated with business travel, procurement, waste and water.



Taylor Morrison – Climate Change Impact (CCI) score: 3



We have engaged closely with Taylor Morrison since 2021, discussing topics including climate-related disclosures, executive remuneration and workforce diversity. During this time, the company has advanced against multiple objectives including the introduction of scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions data to its disclosures. The company continues to be receptive to our feedback and we therefore consider engagement with the company to be a positive influence on the score.

Taylor Morrison has made recent improvements to the governance of its ESG strategy. In addition to having an ESG steering committee that includes the CEO, the company appointed a corporate director of sustainability in 2023 to execute the company's sustainability strategy. Among the director's priorities is the evaluation and development of a long-term plan to manage the company's carbon footprint.

A further positive influence on the CCI score includes the company's decarbonisation initiatives which address both scope 3 upstream and downstream emissions. Taylor Morrison has an advanced approach to reducing upstream emissions, with a commitment to use due diligence and a competitive bidding process to prioritise suppliers with developed approaches to decarbonise their products. It also participates in engagement with suppliers which we recognise as a key step to decarbonisation strategies being introduced across the value chain.

For the company to improve its CCI score, it can introduce emissions reduction targets and build on vague commitments to upgrade energy efficiency technology in its homes by introducing an energy efficiency-related goal and increase the use of energy efficiency assessments. Such additions would signal a stronger ambition to reduce scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions and help improve its decarbonisation performance which currently lags behind the industry average based on quantitative metrics related to GHG emissions and energy performance.

Figure 8: Taylor Morrison Energy Efficiency Performance



An overall score of CCI 3 reflects the company's shortcomings in targets and decarbonisation performance being countered by other categories in ambition and execution that evidence a developing approach of reducing the company's overall carbon footprint. Taylor Morrison offers an example for assessing mixed performance in a company's decarbonisation ambitions and execution, and highlights the importance of assessing companies with a multi-factor framework such as the CCI score's six-category framework rather than focusing solely on a company's targets or decarbonisation performance.

CCI Score Summary

Category	Sub-category	Sub-score	
Ambition			
1. Targets	Scope 1, 2 and 3 targets	No material decarbonisation	
2. Initiatives	Scope 3 sustainable sourcing	Advanced	
Z. Initiatives	Scope 3 downstream energy use		
Execution			
3. Decarbonisation	GHG-emissions	Aspirational	
performance	Clean energy and efficiency progress		
4. Climate governance	ESG committee	Advanced	
5. Engagement		Positive	
6. Material controversies		No controversies	

Chemicals

The chemicals sector is the third-largest industrial emitter globally.⁸ According to the International Energy Agency (IEA), chemicals producers must leverage the range of options available for decoupling the expected rapid, continued growth of the industry from harm to the climate if we are to achieve net zero by 2050. Our CCI scoring framework rewards the companies that are re-positioning their business models to capture these opportunities.

First, we assess a company's progress on shifting towards cleaner energy sources. Companies have the opportunity to electrify processes and switch to renewable energy sources, although technological feasibility varies by specific value chain. We also assess the extent to which a company is creating closed loop value chains. Virgin materials can often be substituted with recycled content, reducing waste sent for disposal and eliminating the emissions associated with producing such inputs from scratch. This is no easy task, as recycling rates for many end-products remain low (for example, only 9% of waste plastic was recycled globally in 2019).⁹ Related to this is switching from fossil fuel-based feedstocks to those derived from biological, renewable sources. This also reduces demand for virgin material and therefore reduces emissions.

Finally, a company must address its most material emissions category, scope 3, which is especially complex for the sector given the vast nature of chemical product portfolios. Regardless, issuers are taking steps to account for the lifecycle emissions of their product portfolios: setting scope 3 targets, collaborating with suppliers to make target-setting more widespread, and innovating product portfolios to reduce end-product emissions.





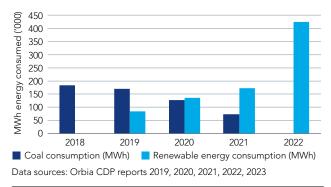
Orbia – Climate Change Impact (CCI) score: 1



Orbia is a global chemical company specialising in polymers that are used in water pipes, construction materials, data cables and other products. Its decarbonisation targets achieved 'leader' status in 2023, when it announced the SBTi's verification of its scope 1, 2 and 3 targets under a 1.5°C pathway.

To achieve these ambitions, the company is decreasing its operational emissions through energy efficiency improvements, shifting to renewable energy, and eliminating landfilled waste by 2025. Its scope 1 and 2 emissions have already fallen 20% below its 2019 baseline, making it well-positioned to achieve its 47% reduction target by 2030. Between 2021 and 2022, the company consumed 6% less energy and increased its renewable energy share to 6% (from 2%). Its phase-out of a coal-fired boiler at one of its sites also brought significant emissions reductions.

Figure 9: Orbia: coal and renewable energy consumption (2018-2022)



To increase circularity, the company has set recycled input targets for some of its key businesses. This includes its building & infrastructure business' aim to increase its use of post-consumer recycled plastics to 25% by 2025. Overall, Orbia reduced landfilled and incinerated waste 12%, and increased its recycling, reuse and recovery of waste from 55% to 61%, between 2021 and 2022.

Orbia's absolute scope 3 target differentiates it amongst peers, many of whom are yet to address value chain emissions due to challenges in how they can be reliably calculated.

The company expects the green transition to be a key demand driver in the coming years, predicting that decarbonisation and the energy transition will grow from 15% to 25% of its total EBITDA by 2029. Its products can help other industries to decarbonise, for example, its fluorinated solutions business already provides refrigerants and propellants with lower global warming potentials, enabling customers to address significant portions of their direct emissions. Recently, the company also announced a joint venture in the US to produce a key input for lithiumion batteries, capturing an opportunity to meet growing demand for electric vehicles in the region.

It is clear that Orbia emerges as a leader based on stated commitments and execution of these to date. We will continue to monitor the company to ensure it remains on this trajectory, and review its CCI score accordingly.

CCI Score Summary

Category	Sub-category	Sub-score	
Ambition			
1. Targets	Scope 1, 2 and 3 targets	Leader	
	Energy use	Leader	
2. Initiatives	Circularity		
	Scope 3		
Execution			
	GHG-emissions	Leader	
3. Decarbonisation	Energy use		
performance	Circularity		
	Scope 3		
4. Climate governance		Leader	
5. Engagement		Positive	
6. Material controversies		Neutral	



CF Industries – Climate Change Impact (CCI) score: 3



CF Industries, the world's largest producer of ammonia¹⁰, is aiming to reduce its scope 1 emissions intensity (per ton of product) by 25% between 2015 and 2030. So far, it has achieved a 16% reduction. In 2022, 41% of the company's purchased electricity came from renewable sources, growing from 23% in 2019. However, the company's electricity use is dwarfed by its natural gas consumption, which is used both as a feedstock for ammonia production and as a fuel, and cannot be easily substituted.

Decarbonising will therefore require significant capital investment and innovation. In 2020, the company announced that it would enter the green¹¹ and blue¹² ammonia markets, marking a significant shift in its strategy. It has committed to invest USD 385 million into its purification and compression capabilities for carbon capture, to enable 1.5 million tonnes of blue ammonia production from 2024. Its Donaldsonville Complex, already the largest ammonia production facility in the world, will house a new electrolyser to produce zero-carbon hydrogen and green ammonia.

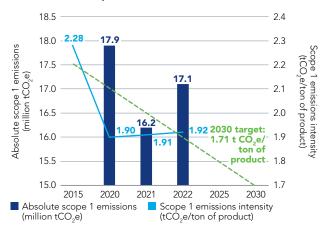
To drive further operational emissions reductions, CF is installing nitrous oxide abatement technology (already in place at one-third of its nitric acid plants), further carbon capture and storage (CCS) projects, energy efficiency improvements, and potential flue gas capture/absorption projects.

The company has exceeded the ambition of many of its peers by setting an absolute scope 3 reduction target. To drive progress against this ambition, the company became the first industrial buyer of certified, low-methane-intensity natural gas. To address downstream emissions, it is partnering with farmers to encourage sustainable fertiliser use, targeting 60 million acres of sustainably managed farmland by 2030.

Nonetheless, there is still room for improvement on CF's climate strategy. We are engaging with the company to encourage the replacement of its scope 1 intensity target with an absolute, science-based emissions target to ensure 1.5°C alignment. The company has many

decarbonisation projects and partnerships under development, evidence that these are leading to reduced emissions could warrant an upgrade of its CCI score.

Figure 10: CF Industries: Scope 1 Emissions (Absolute & Intensity)



CCI Score Summary

Category	Sub-category	Sub-score	
Ambition			
1. Targets	Scope 1, 2 and 3 targets	Aspirational	
2. Initiatives	Energy use	Leader	
	Circularity		
	Scope 3		
Execution			
3. Decarbonisation performance	GHG-emissions	Advanced	
	Energy use		
	Circularity		
	Scope 3		
4. Climate governance		Advanced	
5. Engagement		Positive	
6. Material controversies		Neutral	

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¹⁰ Ammonia is a chemical compound that is mainly used for agricultural fertiliser production.

¹¹ Green ammonia is produced using green hydrogen, which is produced through electrolysis powered by renewable energy, as a zero-carbon alternative to producing ammonia using natural gas.

¹² Blue ammonia is a low-carbon alternative to ammonia, using hydrogen that has been captured and stored from other industrial processes.

Schedule of Rates of Return and Statistics

Composite:

site: Federated Hermes Climate Change High Yield Credit Hedged to USD

Index: ICE BofA Global HY Paris-Aligned Absolute Emissions USD Hdg; prior to Nov23 Global HY Constrained

Periods ending: 31 December 2023

	Returns (%)				
	Composite Gross Return	Index	Composite Net Return		
Q4 23	8.07	6.71	7.89		
1 Year	12.89	12.99	12.16		
Oct-21 – Dec-23 (AnnIzd)^^	-0.33	-0.09	-0.98		

	Annual Returns (%)								
Year		Composite Net Return	Benchmark Return	*Composite 3-Yr Std Dev	*Benchmark 3-Yr Std Dev	Number of Portfolios	**Dispersion	Composite Assets (mil)	Firm Assets (bil)
2021	-0.17	-0.34	-0.33	N/A	N/A	<5	N/A	93.2	634.2
2022	-11.92	-12.49	-11.38	N/A	N/A	<5	N/A	133.6	627.4
2023	12.89	12.16	12.99	N/A	N/A	<5	N/A	87.2	720.0

^^Represents composite inception period. See below for additional notes to the schedule of rates of return and statistics.

*Represents the 3-year annualized standard deviation for both the gross composite and the index returns. Statistic is used to measure the volatility of composite returns. **Standard deviation is calculated using gross returns. Dispersion is not applicable ("N/A") for any period if fewer than five accounts are in the composite for that period. The composite includes all discretionary portfolios following the Climate Change High Yield Credit Hedged to USD strategy run by the Federated Hermes Global Credit team (London Office) and has an inception date of 1 October 2021. The objective of the strategy is to exceed the return of the benchmark over a rolling five-year period whilst delivering a carbon footprint lower than the benchmark through investment in debt securities of companies that are adapting their business models to reduce their environmental impact on Climate Change. The strategy may invest in a broad range of assets, either directly or through the use of derivatives, (including, but not limited to, equities, equity-related securities, eligible CIS and/or financial indices, futures, options, swaps, debt, fx and money markets). The strategy through its investments in FDIs may be leveraged. The composite's benchmark from the 1st November 2023 is the ICE BofA Global High Yield Paris Aligned Absolute Emissions Hedged to USD Index, which is designed to measure the debt market performance of global high yield debt in addition carbon reduction measured in terms of absolute carbon emission. The benchmark contains primarily USD and EUR issues. The index is rebalanced on the last calendar day of the month and the return is calculated on a total return basis. The existing benchmark from inception to 31st October 2023 was the ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained Hedged to USD. This composite was created in November 2021. Performance shown for 2021 is for a partial period starting 1 October 2021. Federated Hermes claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards ("GIPS®") and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS® standards. Federated Hermes has been independently verified for the period of January 1, 1992, through September 30, 2023. The verification report is available upon request. A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS® standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS® standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS® standards and have been implemented on a firmwide basis. Verification does not provide assurance on the accuracy of any specific performance report. The management fee schedule for this strategy is 0.65% per annum. Gross of fees returns have been calculated gross of management/custodial fees and net of reclaimable withholding taxes, but after all trading commissions. Federated Hermes is a global, independent, multi-strategy investment management firm. For GIPS® purposes, Federated Hermes is defined to include the assets of registered investment companies that are advised or sub-advised by the various Federated Hermes advisory companies. Effective September 30, 2020, for GIPS® purposes the name of the firm was officially changed to Federated Hermes. Firm assets on this report exclude assets affiliated with Hermes GPE and the advisory only, model-based assets that may be included in other reports providing total firm assets. Interest income and dividends are recognized on an accrual basis. Returns include the reinvestment of all income. All market values and performance information are valued in USD unless currency is denoted in composite description. Annual composite dispersion is measured and presented using the asset weighted standard deviation of the gross returns of all of the portfolios included in the composite over the entire year. See the composite description language for a discussion on appropriate fees currently applied to calculate composite performance. Net composite results are based off model fees using the stated fee schedule. In addition, further fee information can be obtained from the firm's respective Forms ADV Part 2 Brochure Item 5. Additional information regarding the policies for valuing investments, calculating performance, and preparing GIPS® reports, as well as a complete list and description of the firm's composites and pooled funds is available upon request. Past performance is not indicative of future results. GIPS® is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein. See disclosures on the Schedule of Rates of Return and Statistics Reports for additional information.

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